fiscal year, less all health care-related taxes other than those described in §433.68 that are deducted separately pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

- (2) Beginning October 1, 1995, there is no limitation on the amount of health care-related taxes that a State may receive without a reduction in FFP, as long as the health care-related taxes meet the requirements specified in §433.68.
- (b) Calculation of FFP. HCFA will deduct from a State's medical assistance expenditures, before calculating FFP, revenues from health care-related taxes that do not meet the requirements of §433.68 and any health care-related taxes in excess of the limits specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

§ 433.72 Waiver provisions applicable to health care-related taxes.

- (a) Bases for requesting waiver. (1) A State may submit to HCFA a request for a waiver if a health care-related tax does not meet any or all of the following:
- (i) The tax does not meet the broad based criteria specified in §433.68c); and/or
- (ii) The tax is not imposed uniformly but meets the criteria specified in \$433.68(d)(2) or (d)(3).
- (2) When a tax that meets the criteria specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section is imposed on more than one class of health care items or services, a separate waiver must be obtained for each class of health care items and services subject to the tax.
- (b) Waiver conditions. In order for HCFA to approve a waiver request that would permit a State to receive tax revenue (within specified limitations) without a reduction in FFP, the State must demonstrate, to HCFA's satisfaction, that its tax program meets all of the following requirements:
- (1) The net impact of the tax and any payments made to the provider by the State under the Medicaid program is generally redistributive, as described in §433.68(e);
- (2) The amount of the tax is not directly correlated to Medicaid payments; and

- (3) The tax program does not fall within the hold harmless provisions specified in §433.68(f).
- (c) *Effective date.* A waiver will be effective:
- (1) The date of enactment of the tax for programs in existence prior to August 13, 1993 or;
- (2) For tax programs commencing on or after August 13, 1993, on the first day in the quarter in which the waiver is received by HCFA.

[57 FR 55138, Nov. 24, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 43182, Aug. 13, 1993]

§ 433.74 Reporting requirements.

- (a) Beginning with the first quarter of Federal fiscal year 1993, each State must submit to HCFA quarterly summary information on the source and use of all provider-related donations (including all bona fide and presumedto-be bona fide donations) received by the State or unit of local government, and health care-related taxes collected. Each State must also provide any additional information requested by the Secretary related to any other donations made by, or any taxes imposed on, health care providers. States' reports must present a complete, accurate, and full disclosure of all of their donation and tax programs and expend-
- (b) Each State must provide the summary information specified in paragraph (a) of this section on a quarterly basis in accordance with procedures established by HCFA.
- (c) Each State must maintain, in readily reviewable form, supporting documentation that provides a detailed description and legal basis for each donation and tax program being reported, as well as the source and use of all donations received and taxes collected. This information must be made available to Federal reviewers upon request.
- (d) If a State fails to comply with the reporting requirements contained in this section, future grant awards will be reduced by the amount of FFP HCFA estimates is attributable to the sums raised by tax and donation programs as to which the State has not reported properly, until such time as the State complies with the reporting requirements. Deferrals and/or disallowances of equivalent amounts may also